

MOTHERCARE PREPARATORY SCHOOLS

REVISION WORK TERM I - 2020

MATHEMATICS SET 7, MARKING GUIDE

Time Allowed: 2 Hours 15minutes

Index No:

Random No.					Personal No.		

Candidate's Name:

Candidate's Signature: Stream:

School Random No. :

District ID:

READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. The paper has **two** sections: **A** and **B**.
2. Answer all questions. All answers to both sections A and B must be written in the spaces provided.
3. **All** answers must be written using a blue or black ball-point pen or fountain pen.
4. Un necessary changes of work may lead to loss of marks.
5. Any handwriting that cannot easily be read may lead to loss of marks.
6. Do not fill anything in boxes indicated: "**For Examiners' Use only**" and those inside the question paper.

FOR EXAMINERS' USE ONLY			
SECTION	EXRS MARKS	T/L MARKS	OFFICE
A			
B			
TOTAL			

SECTION A: 40 MARKS

1. Work out: $36 \div 3$

$$36 \div 3 = 12$$

2. Write: "Eighty thousand eighty eight" in figures

$$\begin{array}{r} 80,000 \\ + \quad 88 \\ \hline 80,088 \end{array}$$

3. Solve for y: $2y - 6 > 3$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2y - 6 + 6 > 3 + 6 \\ 2y > 9 \\ \frac{2y}{2} > \frac{9}{2} \\ y > 4\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

4. Work out: $\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{3}{4}$

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \\ \frac{1 \times 4}{2 \times 3} \end{array} \quad \left| \quad \frac{2}{3}$$

5. Find the square root of 1.44

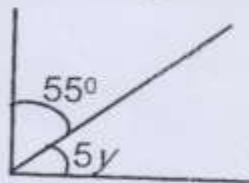
$$\begin{array}{l} \sqrt{1.44} = \sqrt{144} \\ \sqrt{100} \\ = \frac{2 \times 2 \times 3}{2 \times 5} \end{array} \quad \left| \quad \frac{12}{10} \right. \quad \left. \sqrt{1.44} = 1.2$$

2	144
2	72
2	36
2	18
3	9
3	3

2	100
2	50
5	25
5	5
	1

6. Find the size of angle y in the figure below.

$$\begin{array}{l} 5y + 55^\circ = 90^\circ \\ 5y + 55^\circ - 55^\circ = 90^\circ - 55^\circ \\ 5y = 35^\circ \\ \frac{5y}{5} = \frac{35^\circ}{5} \\ y = 7^\circ \end{array}$$



7. Musa deposited sh. 400,000 in the bank that offers an interest rate of 5% per month for $1\frac{1}{2}$ years. Find his amount of money he had on his account after $1\frac{1}{2}$ years.

$$\begin{array}{l} I = P \times R \times T \\ I = \text{sh. } 400,000 \times \frac{5}{100} \times \frac{3 \times 12}{2} \\ I = \text{sh. } 20,000 \times 18 \\ I = \text{sh. } 360,000 \end{array}$$

Amount	
sh.	400,000
+	sh. 360,000
	<hr/> sh. 760,000

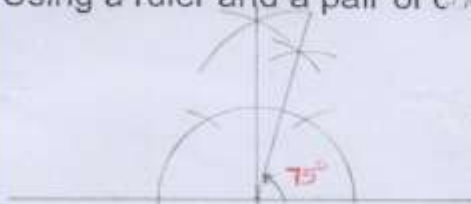
8. Express 72km/hr into metres per second:

$$\begin{array}{l}
 1\text{km} = 1000\text{m} \\
 72\text{km} = 72 \times 1000\text{m} \\
 \quad = 72000\text{m} \\
 1\text{hr} = 3600\text{sec} \\
 \therefore \text{speed} = \frac{D}{T}
 \end{array}
 \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l}
 \text{Speed} = \frac{72000\text{m}}{3600\text{sec}} \\
 \text{speed} = 20\text{m/sec}
 \end{array}
 \right.$$

9. The Academic committee meeting started at 4:45pm, what time did the meeting end in 24 hour clock system??

$$\begin{array}{r}
 12:00\text{hr} \\
 + 4:45 \\
 \hline
 16:45\text{hrs}
 \end{array}$$

10. Using a ruler and a pair of compasses only, construct an angle of 75°.



11. Express 134_{five} into a binary base

$$\begin{array}{l}
 134_{\text{five}} \\
 \begin{array}{l}
 1 \times 5^2 \\
 3 \times 5^1 \\
 4 \times 5^0
 \end{array} \\
 \hline
 25 + 15 + 4 \\
 44_{\text{ten}}
 \end{array}
 \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l}
 (1 \times 5^2) + (3 \times 5^1) + (4 \times 5^0) \\
 (1 \times 5 \times 5) + (3 \times 5) + (4 \times 1) \\
 25 + 15 + 4 \\
 44_{\text{ten}}
 \end{array}
 \right.$$

B	N	R
2	44	0
2	22	0
2	11	1
2	5	1
2	2	0
1	1	

101100_{two}

12. A man bought a watch at sh. 20,000 and later sold it at sh. 15,000. Calculate his percentage loss.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{Loss} = \text{BP} - \text{SP} \\
 = \text{sh. } 20,000 \\
 - \text{sh. } 15,000 \\
 \hline
 \text{sh. } 5,000
 \end{array}
 \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l}
 \text{Percentage loss} \\
 \frac{\text{Loss}}{\text{BP}} \times 100\% \\
 \left(\frac{\text{sh. } 5,000}{\text{sh. } 20,000} \times 100 \right) \% \\
 25\%
 \end{array}
 \right.$$

13. Work out: $2 - 5 = \underline{3}$ (finite 6)

$$\begin{array}{l}
 (2+6) - 5 = \text{-(finite 6)} \\
 8 - 5 = 3(\text{finite 6})
 \end{array}$$

14. The LCM of two numbers is 100 and their GCF is 5. If one of the numbers is 20, find the second number.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Second number} &= \frac{\text{LCM} \times \text{GCF}}{\text{1st number}} \\
 &= \frac{100 \times 5}{20}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Second number} = 25$$

15. During an interview, two marks are awarded for the correct answer and one mark is deducted for any wrong answer given. If twenty questions were asked and Mukuluu passed half of the questions asked, how many marks did he get?

$\frac{1}{2} \times 20$ $\frac{2}{2}$ 10 correct answers.	<u>Marks scored</u> $(10 \times 2) - (10 \times 1)$ $20 - 10$ <u>10 marks.</u>
---	---

16. Solve: $\frac{2}{3}k - 6 = 12$

$\frac{2k}{3} - 6 + 6 = 12 + 6$ $\frac{2k}{3} = 18$ $\frac{2k}{3} \times \frac{3}{2} = 18 \times \frac{3}{2}$	$k = 27$
---	----------

17. A lady had sh. 27,000 in her bag. She spent $\frac{1}{3}$ on meat and half of the remainder on fish. How much money did she remain with?

<u>Meat</u> 9000 $\frac{1}{3} \times \text{sh. } 27,000$ $\frac{1}{3}$ sh. 9000	<u>Remainder</u> sh. 27,000 sh. 9,000 <hr/> sh. 18,000	<u>Fish</u> 9000 $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{sh. } 18,000$ $\frac{1}{2}$ sh. 9000	<u>Remainder</u> sh. 18,000 sh. 9,000 <hr/> sh. 9,000
--	---	--	--

18. The circumference of a circle is 88 m, find its diameter (Take π as $\frac{22}{7}$).

$$\pi d = C$$

$$\frac{22}{7} \times d = 88 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{22d}{7} \times \frac{7}{22} = 88 \text{ m} \times \frac{7}{22}$$

$$d = 28 \text{ m}$$

19. If 8 girls can take 20 days to do a piece of work. How many less days can 16 girls take to do the same piece of work?

8 girls take 20 days 1 girl takes (8×20) days 16 girls take $(\frac{8 \times 20}{16})$ days $\frac{160}{16}$ $\frac{160}{16} = 10$ 16 girls will take 10 days	<u>less days</u> $(20 - 10)$ days 10 days
---	---

20. There are 16 subsets in set A. How many members can be got from set A?

$$2^n = \text{no. of subsets.}$$

$$2^n = 16$$

$$2^4 = 16$$

$$n = 4$$

2	16
2	8
2	4
2	2
	1

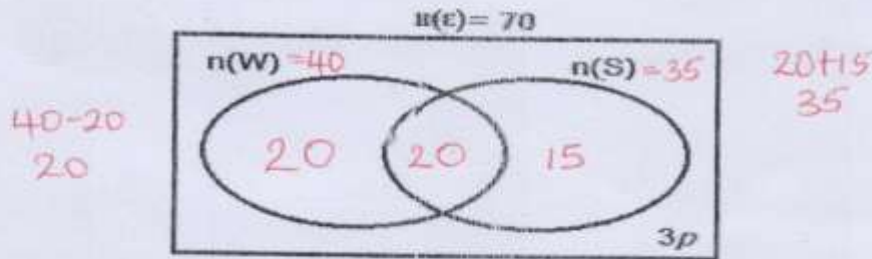
Set A has 4 members.

SECTION B: (60 MARKS)

21. In a party attended by 70 people, 40 took water (W), 15 took soda (S) only, 20 took both drinks while 3p did not take any of the two drinks.

a) Complete the Venn diagram below

(3 marks)



b) Find the number of people who took neither of the two drinks. (2 marks)

$$3p + 20 + 20 + 15 = 70$$

$$3p + 55 = 70$$

$$3p + 55 - 55 = 70 - 55$$

$$3p = 15$$

$$\frac{3p}{3} = \frac{15}{3}$$

$$p = 5$$

$$p = 5$$

$$3p = 3 \times p$$

$$= 3 \times 5$$

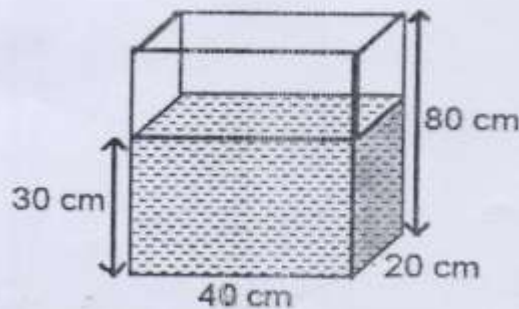
$$= 15 \text{ people took neither}$$

c) How many people took water but not soda?

(1 marks)

20 people

22. The figure below contains the amount of water. Use it to answer the questions that follow.



a) Find the amount of water contained in the tank in litres. (2 marks)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume} &= L \times W \times H \\ &= 40 \text{ cm} \times 20 \text{ cm} \times 30 \text{ cm} \\ &= 800 \text{ cm}^2 \times 30 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Volume} = 24000 \text{ cm}^3$$

Capacity

$$\left(\frac{24000 \text{ cm}^3}{1000 \text{ cm}^3} \right) \text{ litres}$$

$$24 \text{ litres}$$

b) How many litres of water are needed to fill the tank? (2 marks)

When full.

$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume} &= L \times W \times H \\ &= 400\text{cm} \times 200\text{cm} \times 80\text{cm} \\ &= 800\text{cm}^2 \times 80\text{cm} \\ \text{Volume} &= 64000\text{cm}^3 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} \text{Capacity} &= \left(\frac{64000\text{cm}^3}{1000\text{cm}^3} \right) \text{ litres} \\ &= 64 \text{ litres} \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} \text{No. of litres needed} & \text{ to fill the tank.} \\ & 64 \text{ litres} \\ & - 24 \text{ litres} \\ \hline & 40 \text{ litres} \end{aligned}$
---	---	---

23. The sum of three consecutive even numbers is 120. If the largest number is k , find the numbers. (3 marks)

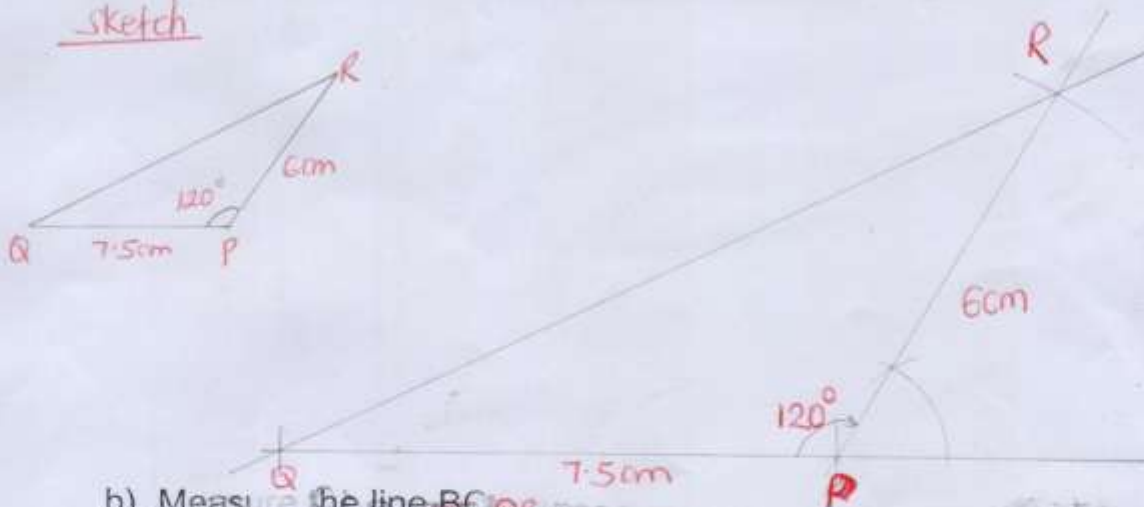
1st no.	2nd no.	3rd no.	Sum.
$k-4$	$k-2$	k	120

1st no	2nd no	3rd no
$k-4$	$k-2$	k
$42-4$	$42-2$	42
38	40	42

$k-4+k-2+k = 120$	
$k+k+k-2-4 = 120$	
$3k-6 = 120$	
$3k-6+6 = 120+6$	
$3k = 126$	
$\frac{3k}{3} = \frac{126}{3}$	
$k = 42$	

24.a) Using a ruler and a pair of compasses only, construct a triangle PQR in which PQ = 7.5 cm, PR = 6 cm and angle QPR = 120°. (4 marks)

Sketch



b). Measure the line BC (QR) (1 mark)

$QR = 11.7\text{cm}$

25. The table below shows the marks scored by pupils in a mathematics exam.

Marks scored	80	h	90	60
Number of pupils	2	3	1	4

a) How many pupils sat for the exam?

(2 marks)

$$2 + 3 + 1 + 4$$

$$5 + 5$$

$$10 \text{ pupils}$$

b) If the mean mark is 70, find the value of h .

(3 marks)

Sum of data = Mean.

No of data

$$\frac{80 \times 2 + h \times 3 + 90 \times 1 + 60 \times 4}{10} = 70$$

$$\frac{160 + 3h + 90 + 240}{10} = 70$$

$$\frac{3h + 490}{10} = 70$$

$$10 \times \frac{(3h + 490)}{10} = 70 \times 10$$

$$3h + 490 = 700$$

$$3h + 490 - 490 = 700 - 490$$

$$3h = 210$$

$$\frac{3h}{3} = \frac{210}{3}$$

$$h = 70$$

$$h = 70$$

26. The head teacher went to the bank and withdrew the amount of money as shown on the table below. Use it to answer the questions that follow.

Denomination	Number of notes	Amount
Five thousand shilling notes	40 notes	Sh. 200,000
Twenty thousand shilling notes	35 notes	Sh. 700,000
Ten thousand shilling notes	30 notes	Sh. 300,000
Fifty thousand shilling notes	12 notes	Sh. 600,000
	Total	Sh. 1,800,000

a) Complete the table above correctly.

(5 marks)

$$\frac{\text{Sh. } 5000 \times 40}{\text{Sh. } 200,000}$$

$$\frac{\text{Sh. } 300,000}{\text{Sh. } 10,000}$$

30 notes

$$\frac{\text{Sh. } 700,000}{35}$$

20,000

$$\frac{\text{Sh. } 200,000}{\text{Sh. } 700,000}$$

$$\frac{\text{Sh. } 300,000}{\text{Sh. } 1,200,000}$$

$$\frac{\text{Sh. } 1,800,000}{\text{Sh. } 1,200,000}$$

$$\text{Sh. } 600,000$$

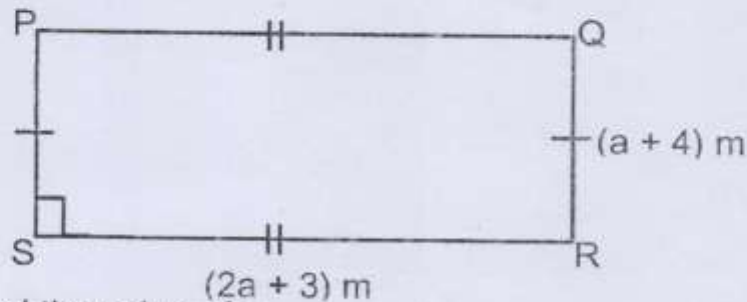
$$\frac{\text{Sh. } 600,000}{\text{Sh. } 50,000}$$

12 notes

- b) If he used sh. 245,000 for buying the scholastic materials, how much change did he remain with? (1 mark)

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{sh. } 1,800,000 \\ - \text{sh. } 245,000 \\ \hline \text{sh. } 1,555,000 \end{array}$$

27. The perimeter of the rectangle below is 50 m. Use it to answer the questions that follow.



- a) Find the value of a .

$$\begin{array}{l} 2L + 2W = P \\ 2(2a+3)m + 2(a+4)m = 50m \\ 4a+6 + 2a+8 = 50 \\ 4a+2a + 6+8 = 50 \\ 6a + 14 = 50 \\ 6a + 14 - 14 = 50 - 14 \\ 6a = 36 \\ \frac{6a}{6} = \frac{36}{6} \\ a = 6 \end{array}$$

(2 marks)

- b) Work out the area of the figure above.

Length	Width	Area = L x W
$(2a+3)m$	$(a+4)m$	Area = $15m \times 10m$
$(2 \times 6+3)m$	$(6+4)m$	Area = $150m^2$
$(12+3)m$	$10m$	
$15m$		

(3 marks)

28. In a school of 3000 pupils, $\frac{2}{3}$ of them are girls and the rest are boys. If $\frac{1}{4}$ of the boys and $\frac{2}{5}$ of the girls are in lower primary, how many pupils are in upper primary?

Girls	Boys	In lower primary	Total
$\frac{2}{3} \times 3000$	3000	$(\frac{1}{4} \times 1000) \text{ boys}$	800
2000 girls	<u>2000</u>	250 boys	+ 250
	1000 boys	$(\frac{2}{5} \times 2000) \text{ girls}$	<u>1050 pupils</u>
		800 girls	In upper primary

(3 marks)

31. Muwawu, Tamale and Rukundo shared a certain amount of money in the ratio of 4: 3: 5 respectively. If Tamale got sh. 80,000 less than Rukundo,

a) How much money did they share altogether? (4 marks)

Muwawu	Tamale	Rukundo	total
4	3	5	12

Tamale less than Rukundo
 $5 - 3 = 2$

2 parts — sh. 80,000
 1 part — $\frac{80,000}{2}$

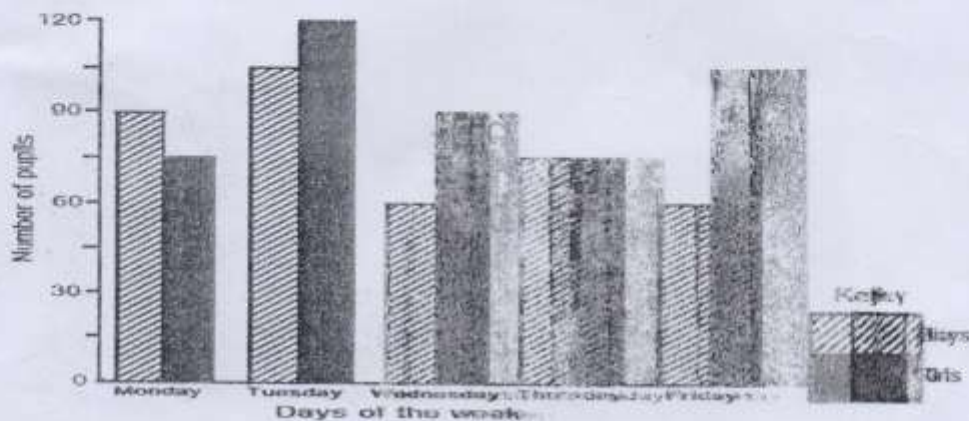
1 part — sh. 40,000
 12 parts — sh. $40,000 \times 12$
 sh. 480,000

b) What percentage of the money did Tamale get? (1 mark)

$$\left(\frac{3}{12} \times 100\right)\%$$

$$= 25\%$$

32. The bar graph below shows the number of boys and girls who were present in a week. Study it carefully and answer the questions that follow.



a) How many boys were present on Tuesday? (1 mark)

$$30 + 2 = 15 \quad | \quad 90 + 15$$

$$105 \text{ boys}$$

b) Which day had the same number of boys and girls present? (1 mark)

Thursday.

c) Find the average attendance of the girls for the whole week. (2 marks)

$$\text{Average} = \frac{\text{sum of data}}{\text{No. of data}}$$

$$= \frac{75 + 120 + 90 + 75 + 105}{5}$$

$$\text{Average} = \frac{465}{5}$$

$$\text{Average} = 93 \text{ girls}$$