

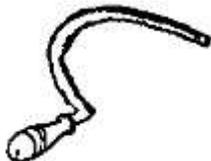
MOTHERCARE PREPARATORY SCHOOLS
REVISION WORK – 2020
P.6 SCIENCE

Name: _____ Stream _____

WEEK ONE

Exercise 1

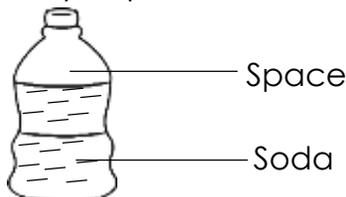
1. Name one type of poultry.
2. How do plants with weak stems climb others. Give one way.
3. Mention one characteristic of insects.
4. Of what importance are earth worms to soil?
5. Which element of PHC is promoted by bathing regularly?
6. State one factor considered when starting a piggery project.
7. Identify the garden tool shown below.



8. What is photosynthesis?
9. Name the part used by plants to absorb water and mineral salts from soil.
10. Give the use of a wind vane at a weather station.

Exercise 2

1. Give one example of a crop pest.
2. State any one property of air.
3. Name one root tuber crop.
4. Give the difference between air and wind.
5. Why is space left when bottling soda as shown below?



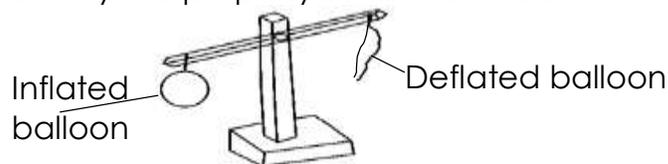
6. Mention the type of chicken kept for meat production.
7. What do you understand by the term matter?
8. In which units is weight measured.
9. Apart from extra support, give one other reason why plants climb others.
10. What is the incubation period of a hen?

Exercise 3

1. Name the gas plants use to make food.
2. How important is a kink on a clinical thermometer?
3. Give one reason why we give First Aid.
4. Why do bees visit flowers?
5. What is soil erosion?
6. Write PHC in full.
7. State one danger of poor personal hygiene.
8. Mention one system of keeping poultry.
9. State the germ which causes malaria.
10. In the space below, draw an incisor tooth?

Exercise 4

1. How does heat from the sun reach the earth?
2. What can't mushroom make their own food?
3. Name one vulnerable group of people.
4. Why does a feather float on water?
5. Give one advantage of mulching gardens.
6. How do bacteria reproduce?
7. What is dehydration?
8. Identify the property of air shown below.



9. Write down one cause of soil erosion.
10. What is malnutrition?

Exercise 5

1. Identify the type of germination shown below.



2. Name one animal that lives on land and in water.
3. Why do we wash hands after every latrine visit?
4. Name the digestive juice found in the mouth.
5. What is immunity?
6. What causes Kwashiorkor in young children?
7. Write ORS full.
8. Define the term pollination.
9. How is sound produced?
10. Calculate the density of a stone whose mass is 60g and volume 12cc.

WEEK TWO

Exercise 1

1. Mention the disease vector that spreads elephantiasis.
2. Why do bees swarm?
3. Name one way a P.6 child can control malaria spread at home.
4. Give one reason why farmers prefer keeping merino sheep.
5. Name the sensory organ for taste.
6. Why are we advised to boil water for drinking?
7. State one factor that affects the rate of transpiration.
8. How do hookworms enter our bodies?
9. Complete the life cycle shown below.



10. Convert 122°F to °C.

Exercise 2

1. What are vertebrates?
2. Name one group of warm-blooded vertebrates.
3. In which state of matter does heat travel fastest?
4. Why is a butterfly important to crop farmers?
5. State the type of immunity a baby acquires through breast feeding.
6. Identify the garden tool shown below.



7. Give one example of a chemical change.
8. What is a balanced diet?
9. How is burning and germination similar?
10. Which gas occupies 21% in the atmosphere?

Exercise 3

1. What is poultry?
2. Name one type of stem.
3. Why is a bat referred to as a mammal?
4. Mention the gestation period of a goat.
5. Identify the type of leaf shown below.



6. Which vaccine is given to babies against 9 months?
7. Mention the reason why most families in rural areas do not use vacuum flasks.
8. Differentiate between a burn and a scald.
9. Write one example of an egg-laying mammal.
10. Briefly explain how crop rotation controls crop pests.

Exercise 4

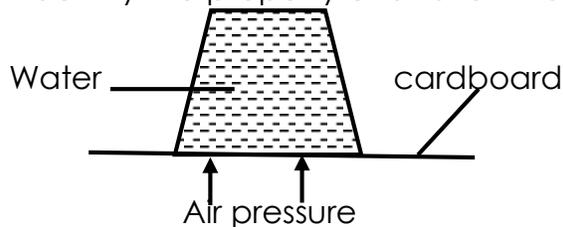
1. Name one type of poultry.
2. State the property of air that enables one to suck soda from a bottle using a straw.
3. What is weather?
4. Give one reason why farmers keep records.
5. Name one food taboo for Muslims.
6. What causes Kwashiorkor in infants?
7. State one characteristic of primates.
8. To which group of mammals does the animal shown belong?



9. Write one danger of pushing sharp objects in the ear.
10. Write "DPT" vaccine in full.

Exercise 5

1. Name any one type of soil.
2. Why is DPT vaccine called a triple vaccine?
3. Write PHC in full.
4. Identify the property of air shown below.



5. What is an echo?
6. Give one reason why bees swarm?
7. How do human beings produce sound?
8. Mention any one method of extracting honey.
9. Write down one principle of PHC.
10. Name one disease which attack both rabbits and chicken.

WEEK THREE

Exercise 1

1. What name is given to the three small bones of the ear?
2. Name one example of a stem tuber.
3. What are ruminants?
4. Write down one characteristic of living things.
5. Name one mollusc vector to man.
6. How does a chameleon protect itself from enemies?
7. Mention The main food value got from eating eggs.
8. To which group of birds does the beak shown belong?



9. State the main difference between vertebrates and invertebrates.
10. Which gas increases around a leaf when making food?

Exercise 2

1. Name one raw material for photosynthesis.
2. How does a mushroom reproduce?
3. State the use of a queen excluder in a bee hive.
4. Give the importance of echoes to fisher men.
5. What are warm – blooded vertebrate?
6. Mention one group of warm-blooded vertebrates?
7. By what process does a gas change to a liquid?
8. Which element of PHC is promoted by the item shown below?



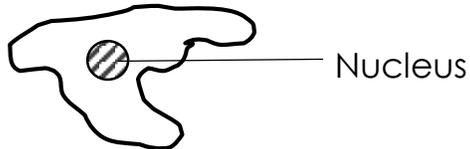
9. State one effect of heat on matter.
10. Give the site for BCG vaccine.

Exercise 3

1. Name one insect vector to man.
2. What term refers to the highness or lowness of sound?
3. Which organ pumps blood to all body parts?
4. Why is a spider not called an insect?
5. State the food value obtained from eating honey?
6. Give the advantage of castration in goats.
7. What is dehydration?
8. State one measure of preventing malaria at school.
9. Why is an egg shell porous?
10. Convert 60°C to °F.

Exercise 4

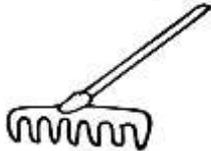
1. Mention one type of bee found in a hive.
2. State one factor that determines pitch of sound.
3. Name one mollusk vector to man.
4. Identify the blood cell shown below,



5. How do most mammals reproduce?
6. Mention any one method of storing sound.
7. How are echoes prevented in cinema halls and theatres?
8. What type of fertilization do amphibians undergo?
9. State the deficiency disease caused by lack of vitamin C in the diet.
10. By what means does heat from the sun reach the earth.

Exercise 5

1. Name one form of energy got from the sun.
2. Give one characteristic of mammals.
3. Why is a cow referred to as a ruminant?
4. What do we call the loudness or softness of sound?
5. Identify the garden tool below.



6. State the danger of too much wax in the ear.
7. How do snakes move from one place to another?
8. Give one difference between a hen and a cock.
9. Of what use are ventilators on a living house?
10. Which process in nature increases the amount of oxygen in the atmosphere?

****THE END****